



Sugarbeet Disease Management

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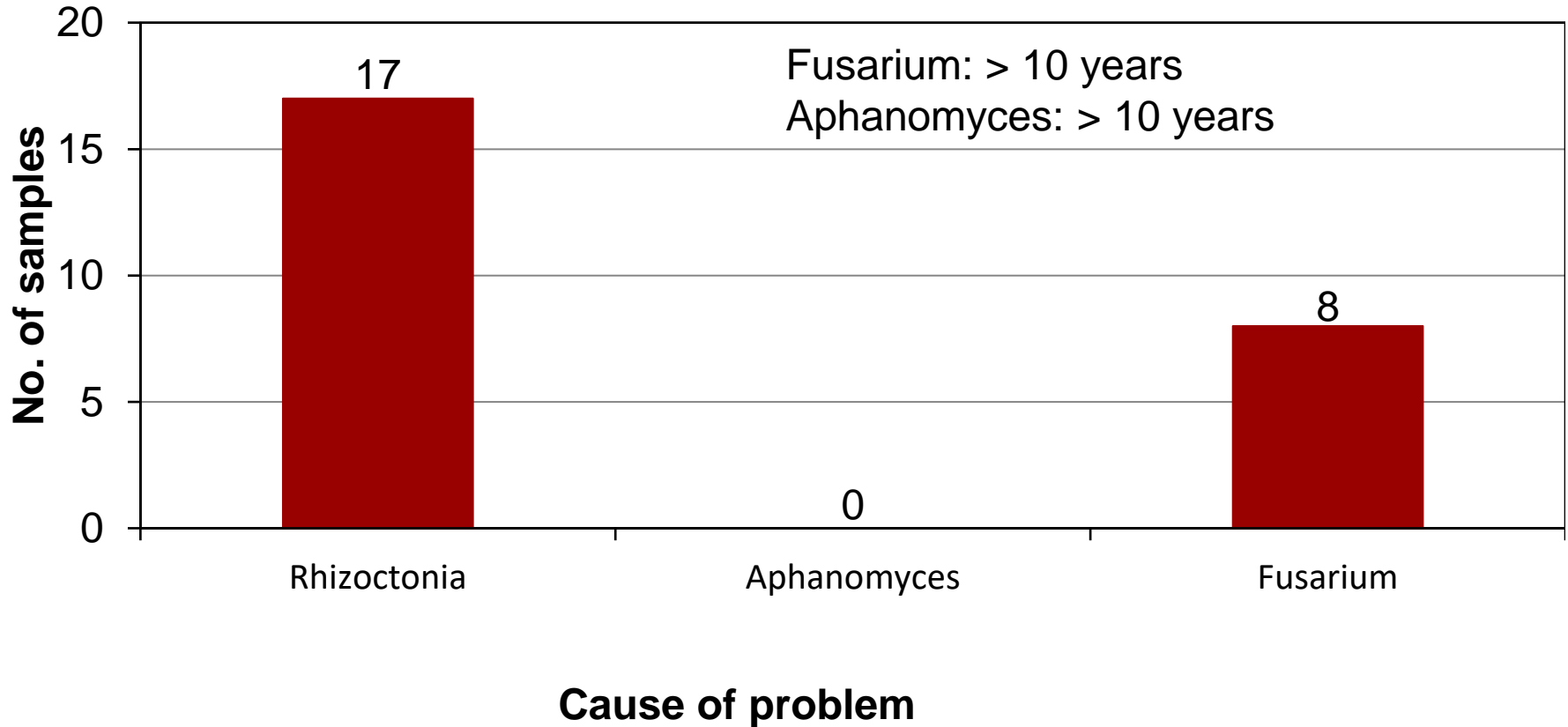
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@BeetPath

2024 MDFC Sugarbeet Production Seminar
Feb 15, 2024

Summary of 2023 Disease Samples



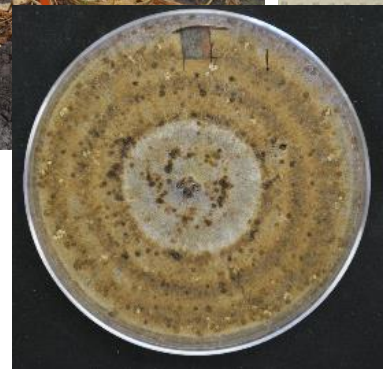
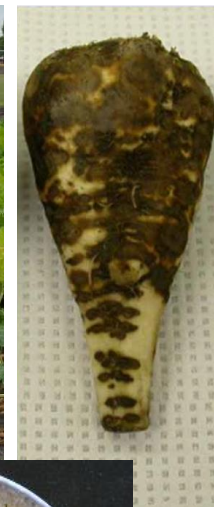
More than one problem is very common!

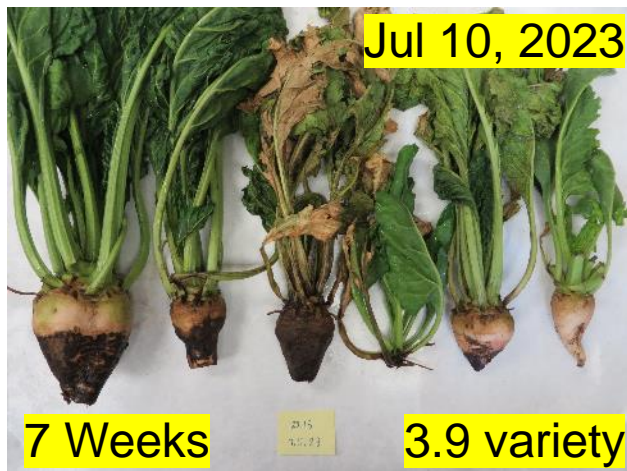
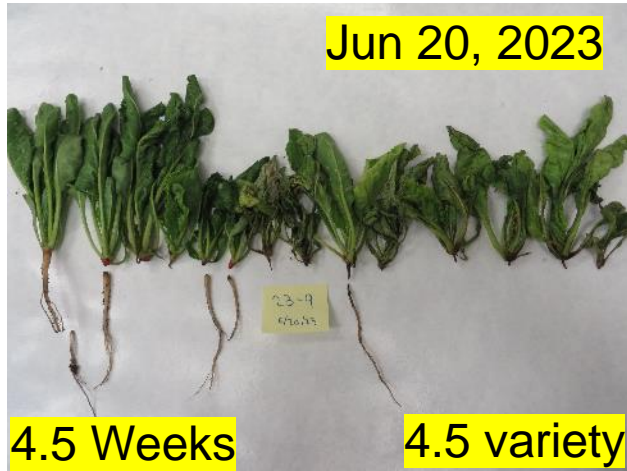


Rhizoctonia Damping-off



Crown and Root Rot





Key points about Rhizoctonia

- Can survive 2-3 years in soil as dormant resting structures (sclerotia)
- *Rhizoctonia solani*– groups AG 2-2 (IIB & IV) and AG 4
- Full-season pathogen, develops in patches
- Most fields have Rhizoctonia (based on DNA) in top 4 inches, some fields have in top 6 inches
- Cultivation can increase the risk for crown rot as inoculum gets into the crowns
- Wide host range– Sugarbeet, soybean, edible beans, corn, including weeds



Soybeans

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Young plants killed by *Rhizoctonia solani*

<https://extension.umn.edu/pest-management/rhizoctonia-root-and-stem-rot-soybean>



Rhizoctonia root and stem rot

<https://extension.umn.edu/pest-management/rhizoctonia-root-and-stem-rot-soybean>

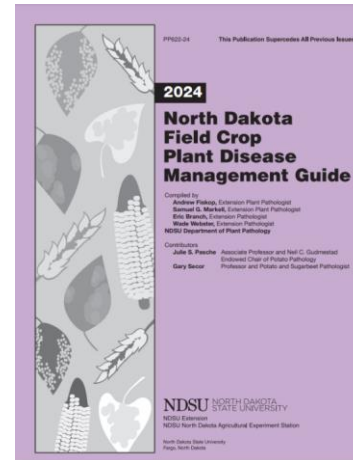


Navy beans

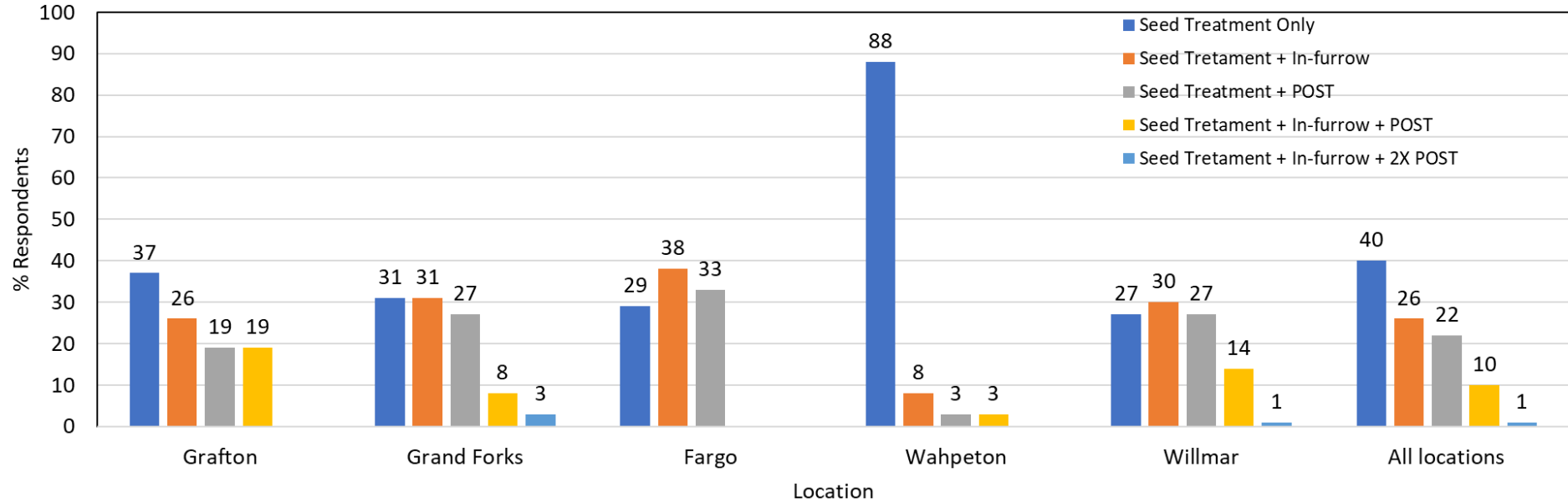


Crop Rotation

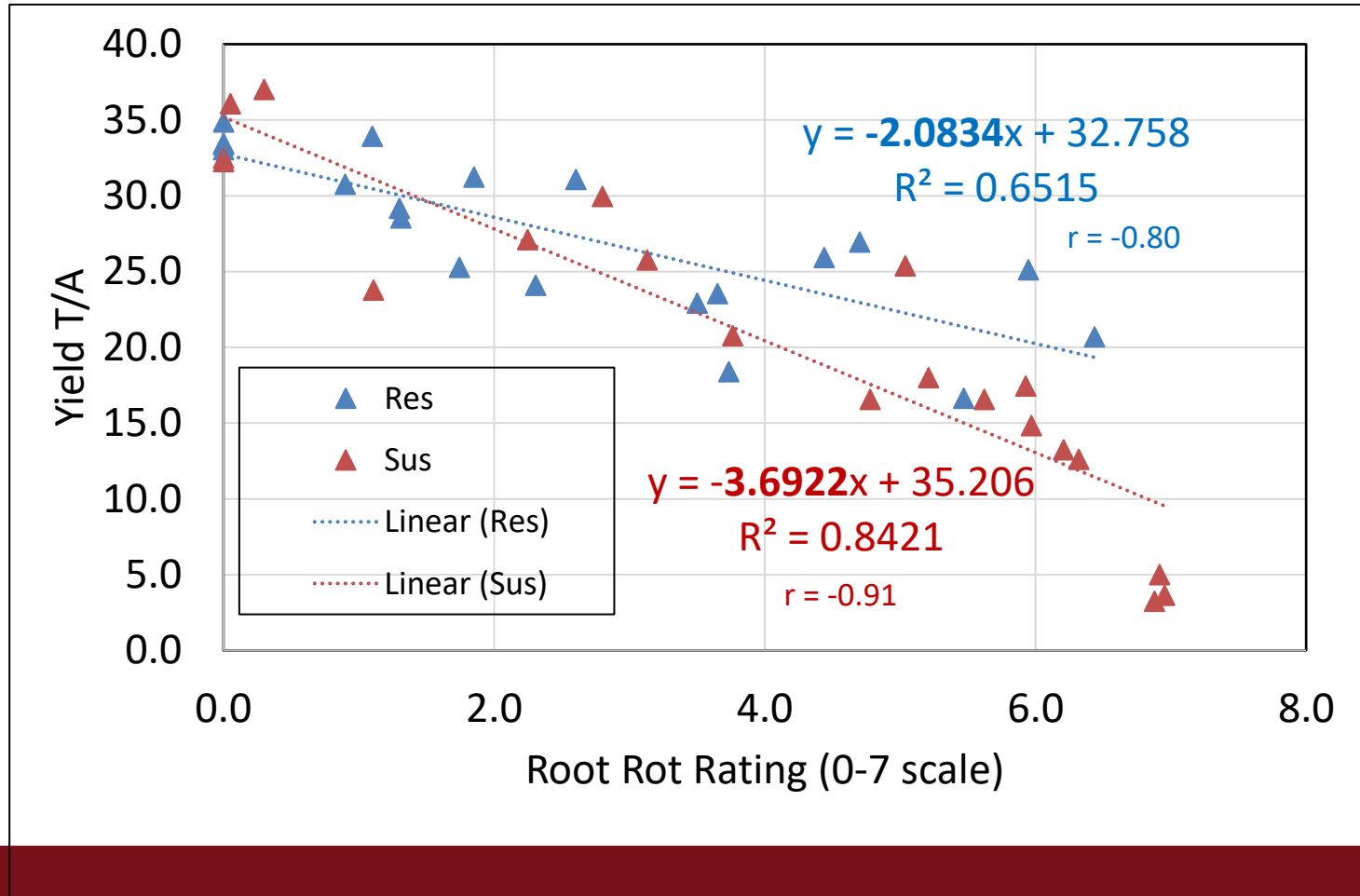
- Small grains prior to sugarbeet is ideal
- Increase the length of rotation
- Managing Rhizoctonia in other crops can reduce the inoculum build up
- Soybean and dry beans
 - Seed treatments
 - Fluxapyroxad, Sedaxane
 - In-furrow/POST application
 - Azoxystrobin, Pyraclostrobin



Grower Practices for Rhizoctonia - 2022 Survey



Resistant variety can lose yield!



Seed Treatments

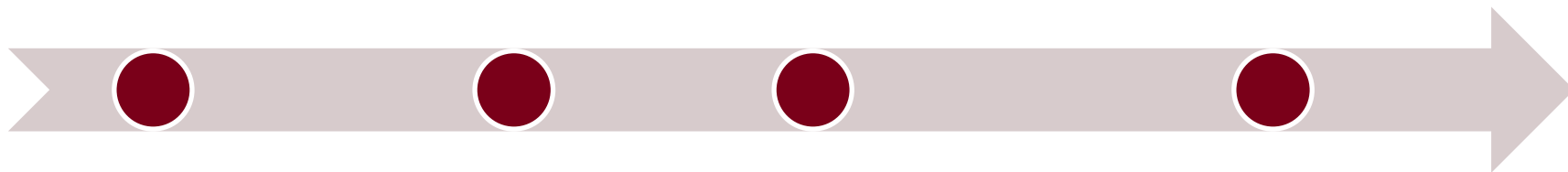
- SDHI class of fungicides (**S**uccinate **D**e**H**ydrogenase **I**nhibitor, FRAC group 7)
- Single site of action - Inhibit fungal respiration

Kabina
2014

Systiva
2017

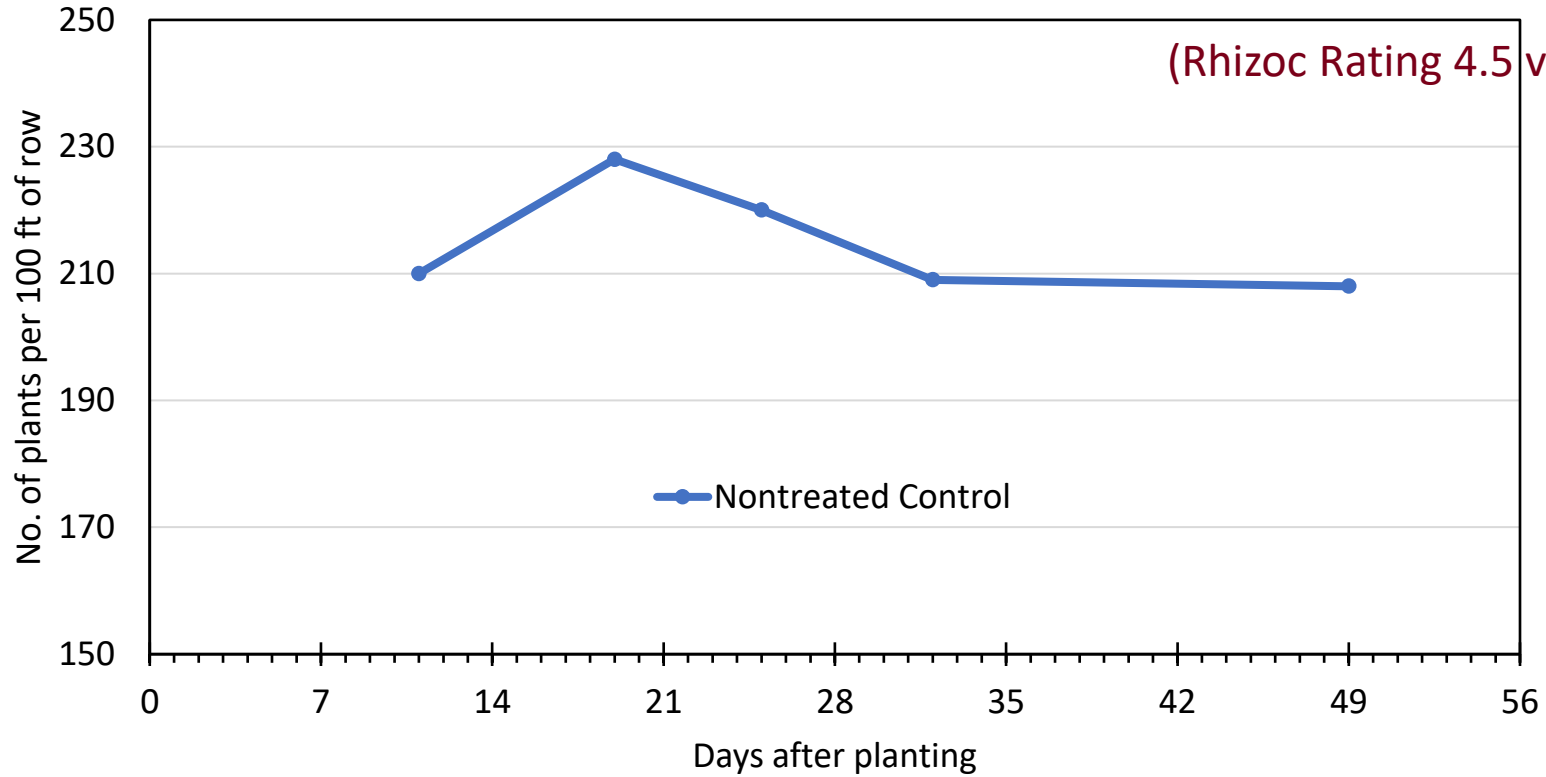
Vibrance
2016

Zeltera
2022



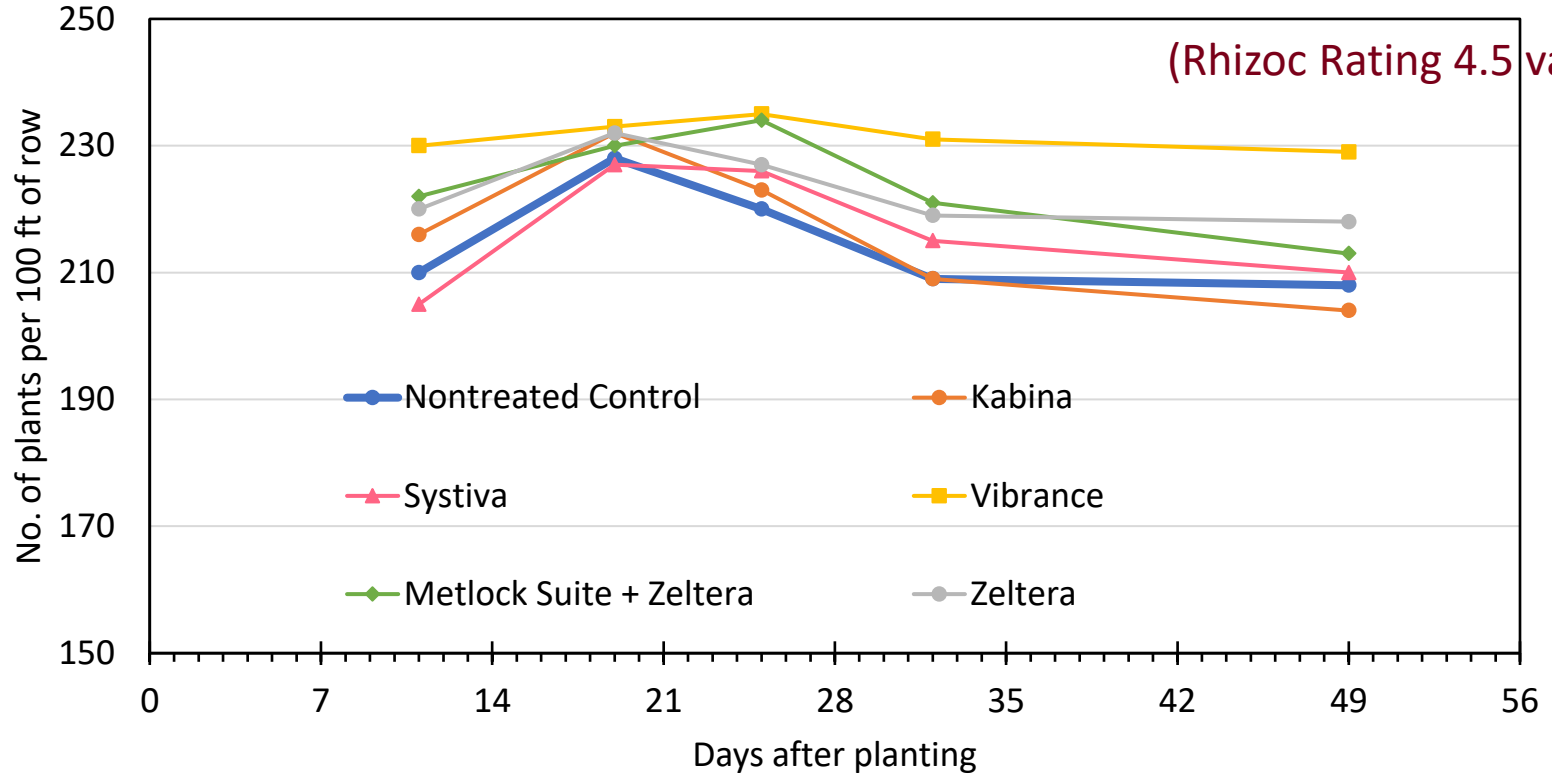
Seed Treatments

(Rhizoc Rating 4.5 variety)



Seed Treatments

(Rhizoc Rating 4.5 variety)



In-furrow Fungicides

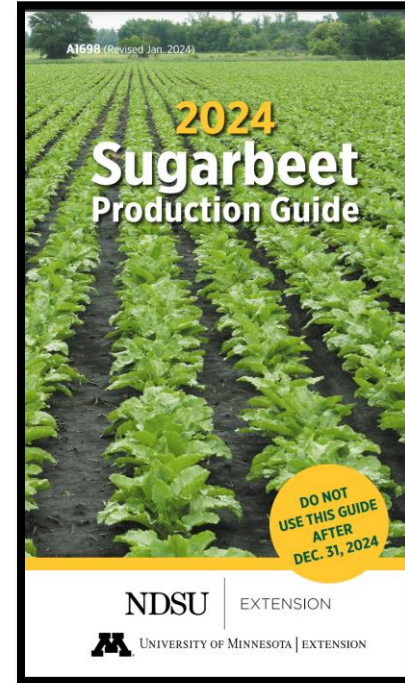


- Fungicide in 3 gal. water + 10-34-0 @ 3 gal. applied via drip tube
- Agitation in the tank is important to avoid nozzle clogging
- Do a jar test
- Find compatible fungicides for mixing

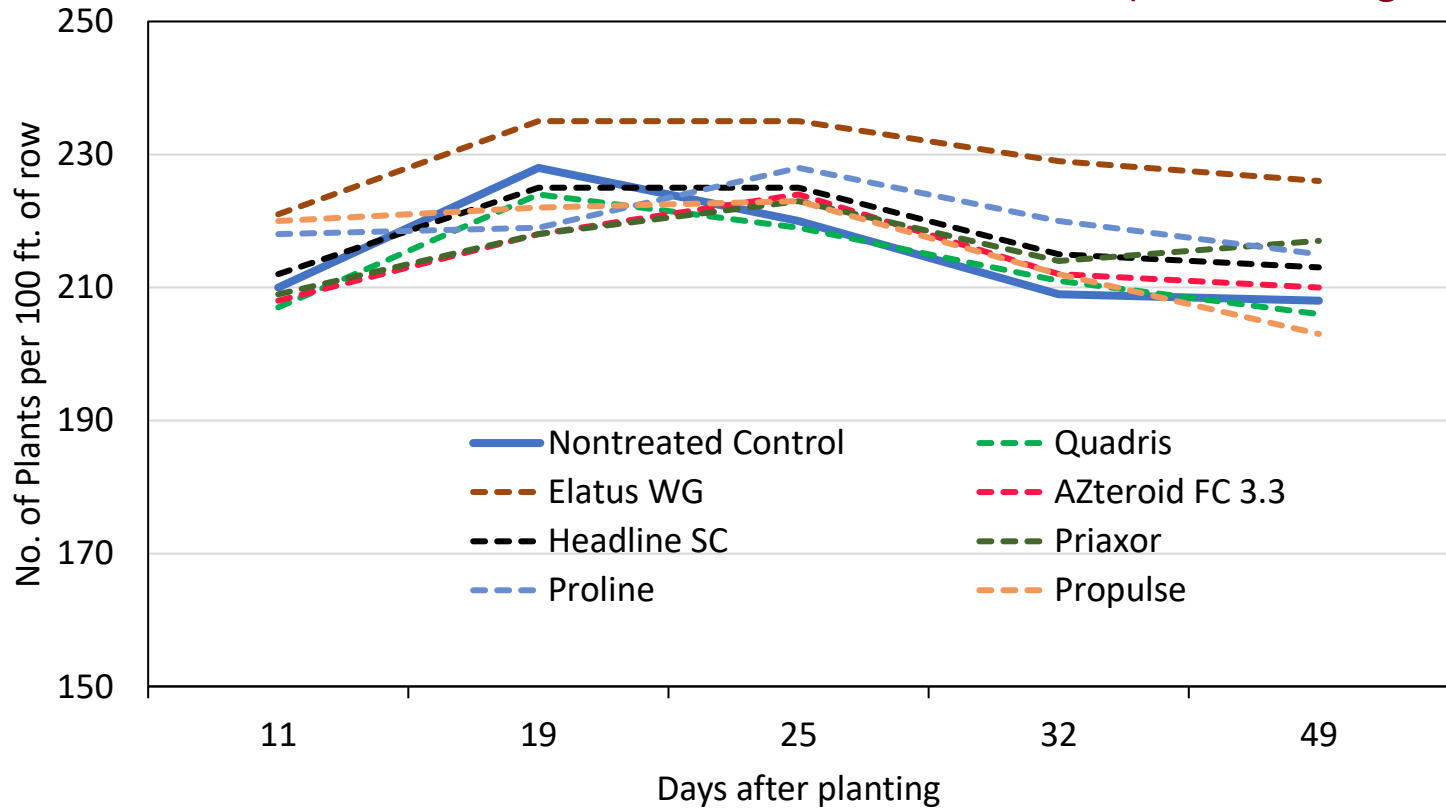


In-furrow Fungicides (rates per acre)

- Quadris 9.5 fl oz (QoI)
- AZteroid 5.7 fl oz (QoI)
- Elatus 7.1 fl oz (QoI + SDHI)
- Headline 9 fl oz (QoI)
- Priaxor 6.7 fl oz (QoI + SDHI)
- Proline 5.7 fl oz (DMI)
- Propulse 13.6 fl oz (DMI + SDHI)



In-furrow Fungicides (Rhizoc Rating 4.5 variety)



Root rot rating scale 0-10



0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10

1 = 1 – 10% rot, 10 = 91 – 100 % rot

Seed treatments vs In-furrow (2023)

Description	# Harvested roots	Root Rot Rating (%)	Root Rot Incidence (%)	Yield (T/A)	RSA (Lbs/A)
Untreated	157	8.6	33.8	26.0	9324
Seed treatments	168	9.9	39	25.0	9312
In-furrow treatments	175	6.3	31	26.9	9916
Seed vs in-furrow contrast (P-value)	0.0033	0.0148	0.0073	0.0338	0.0411



Postemergence Fungicides (rates per acre)

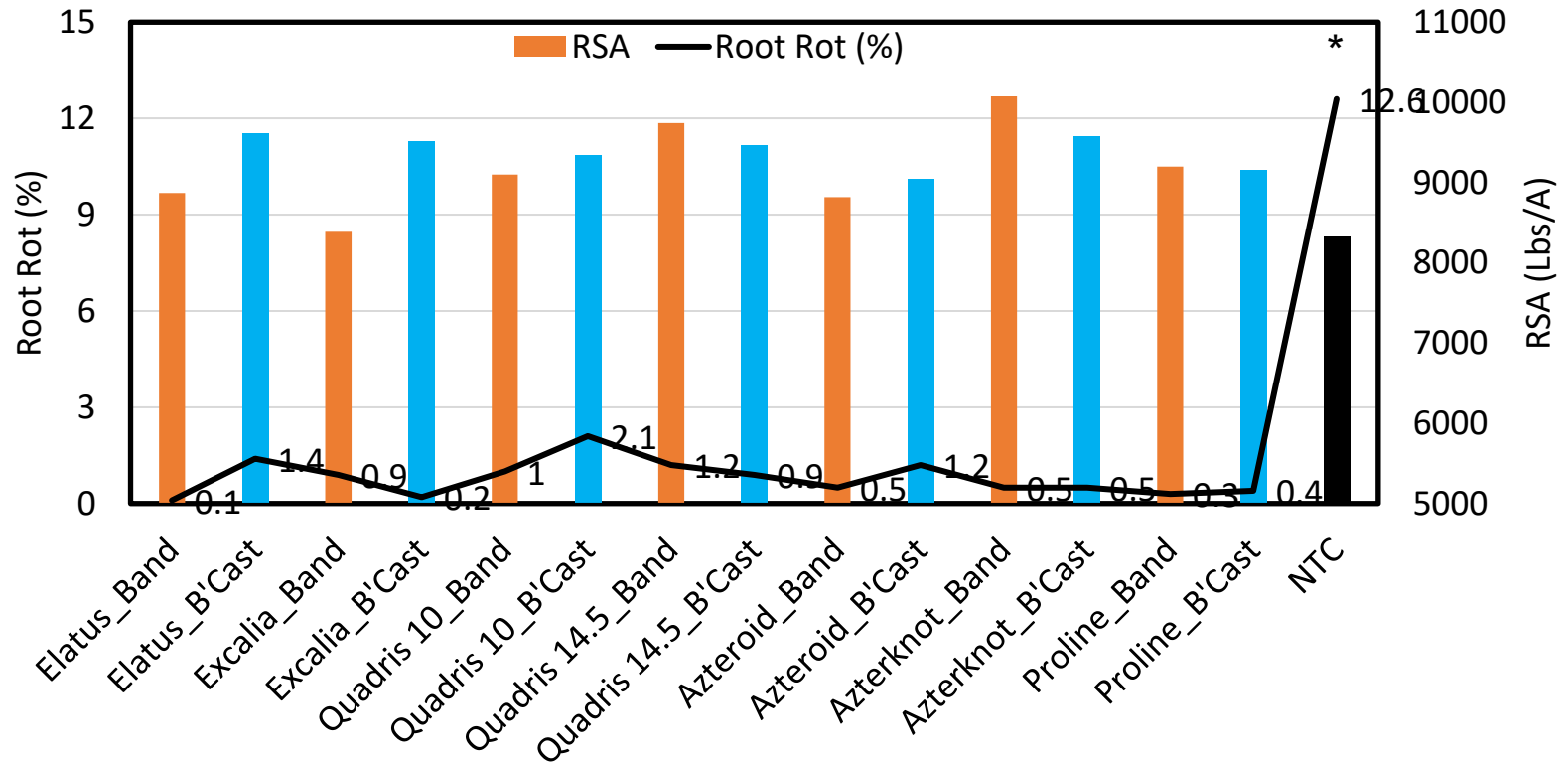
- Quadris 10 & 14.5 fl oz (QoI)
- AZteroid 9.2 fl oz (QoI)
- AZterknot 16.6 fl oz (QoI)
- Elatus 7.1 fl oz (QoI + SDHI)
- Proline 5.7 fl oz. (DMI)
- Excalia 0.64 fl oz (band), 2.0 fl oz (broadcast) (SDHI)

**Recommended
Timing: 4-8 leaf stage**



Postemergence Fungicides (2023)

(Rhizoc Rating 4.5 variety)



Fungicides for Rhizoctonia – Mode of Action

- Rhizoctonia is a monocyclic disease cycle so the risk of developing fungicide resistance is relatively low
- Rotate different MoAs if you can

Seed Treatment			In-Furrow			POST		
Kabina	SDHI	SDHI	Headline	QoI	QoI	Quadris	QoI	QoI
Systiva	SDHI	SDHI	Quadris	QoI	QoI	Elatus	QoI	SDHI
Vibrance	SDHI	SDHI	Elatus	QoI	SDHI	AZterknot	QoI	QoI
Zeltera	SDHI	SDHI	AZteroid	QoI	QoI	Excalia	SDHI	SDHI
			Proline	DMI	DMI	Topguard EQ	DMI	QoI
			Propulse	DMI	SDHI	Proline	DMI	DMI
						Propulse	DMI	SDHI
						Priaxor	QoI	SDHI



Rhizoctonia Management – Take home message

- Best Practices
 - Seed treatment + POST (4- to 8-leaf stage, band or broadcast) – **most fields**
 - Seed treatment + In-furrow (make sure they mix well with the starter fertilizers) + POST – may be needed for **fields with severe history**
- Even resistant varieties can underperform under severe Rhizoctonia pressure
- Thoroughly pressure wash machinery to limit soil movement between fields



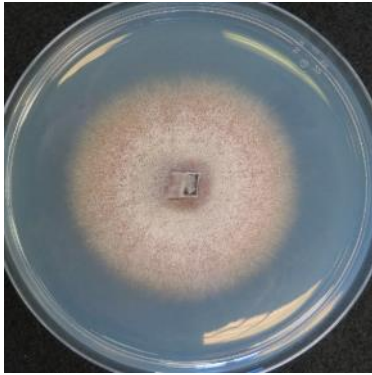
Accurate Diagnosis is critical for Fusarium!



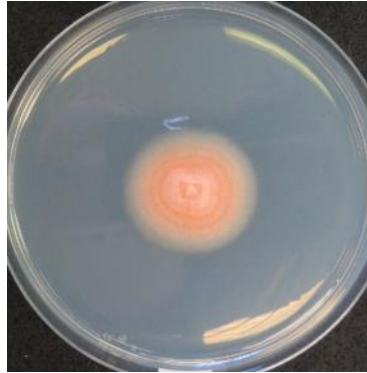
Only tolerant varieties can withstand Fusarium



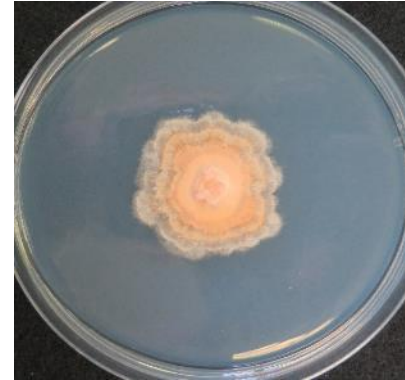
Fusarium Yellows



F. oxysporum



F. secorum



F. equiseti

More than one *Fusarium* spp. can be present in the same field



Moorhead, MN 2021

4 weeks after planting



Fusarium Yellows



Fusarium Yellows



Aug 06, 2019 (4.3 Variety)

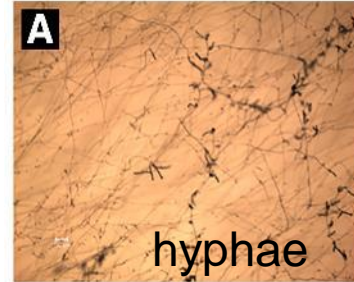


Aug 14, 2019 (2.5 variety)

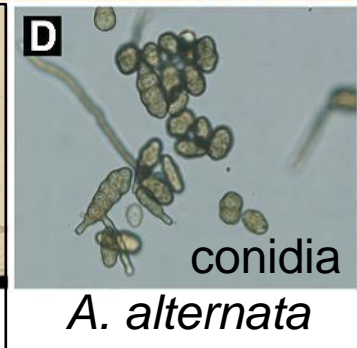
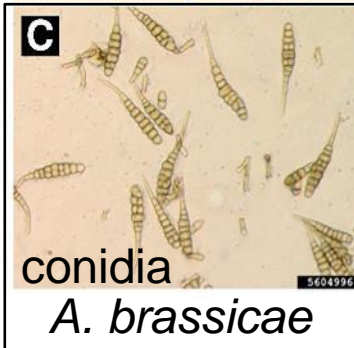
Alternaria Leaf Spot (ALS)



A. alternata



A. alternata



Cortes et al. 2022, <https://doi.org/10.1094/PHP-03-22-0025-DG>

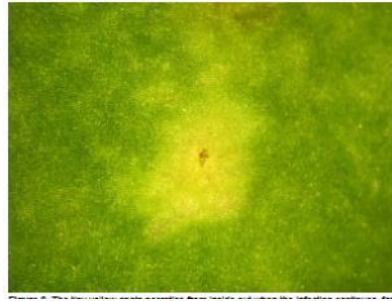


Alternaria Leaf Spot (ALS)

- Varietal susceptibility
 - More CR+ acres – making room for Alternaria?
- Stressed plants are more susceptible
 - Secondary pathogen
- CLS fungicides have good efficacy for ALS
 - DMI, Qol and Tin resistance (Michigan)
- Maintaining a healthy sugarbeet canopy is the best way to manage Alternaria



Stemphylium



Other hosts: Potato,
White Mustard, Red Beet,
Spinach, Lambsquarter



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STEMPHYLIUM, A NEW FOLIAR DISEASE IN SUGAR BEET



Stemphylium

- Michigan (Metheny et al. 2019), *S. vesicarium* (mild symptoms compared to *S. beticola*)
- MN and ND
 - Foxhome, MN (Khan et al. 2021), *S. vesicarium*
 - Five samples (2022) – Always present along with *Alternaria* at a very low frequency - *S. vesicarium*



Acknowledgements

- **Sugarbeet Research and Education Board of Minnesota and North Dakota**
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- Minn-Dak Farmers Cooperative
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- Seed, chemical and allied industries
- American Crystal Sugar Company quality labs – East Grand Forks and Moorhead
- U of M, NWROC facilities





Sugarbeet Pathology Team

Thank You!



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Questions?

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